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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS WASHINGTON DECEMBER 21, 1938.

Letter Circular LC-539

SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS OF THE MORE COMMON ACCOUNTS MATERIALS.

The following figures have been obtained at the National Bureau of Standards for the sound absorption coefficients of a number of acoustic materials. It is our intention to publish results only for materials which are on the market. The measurements of some of these materials were made several years ago, but we believe these materials are essentially the same as when the measurements were made. The inclusion of a material in this letter circular is not to be construed as a general approval. Each material should be judged on its merits in any particular case as there are other requirements such as fire resisting qualities; light reflection, appearance, etc. Figures are also given for the absorption of an audience seated in chairs of different kinds. All the results have been obtained by the reverberation method on samples having an area of approximately 72 square feet.

The sound absorption coefficient of a material is defined as the fractional part of the energy of a sound wave which is absorbed at each reflection. Experimental figures such as are given here must be regarded as approximate only. This branch of applied science is new and in a state of development. The methods and formulas used in obtaining these figures are those which, while not entirely satisfactory, are open to the least objection. The uncertainty involved is such that all the coefficients are probably somewhat too large.

The "noise coefficient" given in the table is the average to the nearest multiple of 0.05 of the coefficients for 256, 512, 1024 and 2048 cycles. It has been recommended by many consultants that such a coefficient be used when the problem is one of reducing the noise level, as in offices, restaurants, etc.

Fibrous materials and acoustic tiles may exhibit large variations in coefficient arising from different methods of mounting. The figures here given apply only to cases where the materials are mounted in the same manner as when tested.

Acoustic plasters require special skill in their application, as improper manipulation may reduce the coefficient. Particular attention is called to the fact that a dry base coat is used for most applications. Also the sound absorption coefficients are affected quite materially by the time between the application of the first and second coat of acoustic plaster.

It is not necessarily the case that the materials of highest coefficient are the most advantageous. When there is room enough to apply the requisite quantity, a material of low coefficient will give better results than one of higher absorption, because of the more uniform distribution



of material. Also, in comparing different materials it should be borne in mind that there is some variation in manufacture, hence the sample which was measured may have more or less absorption than the material delivered on the job. Minor differences in coefficients, therefore, should be disregarded in choosing between materials.

For the foregoing reasons it is advisable in drawing up specifications for auditoriums to lay emphasis upon the reverberation time desired rather than upon coefficients of material. See National Bureau of Standards Circular C418 entitled "Architectural Acoustics", which may be obtained of the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., at 5 cents per copy. Additional details regarding any of the materials mentioned in this letter circular will be furnished on application.

Additional information regarding the absorption coefficients of acoustical materials may be obtained from the Acoustical Materials Association, 919 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.



Sound Absorption Coefficients and Description of Test Samples

Acoustical Tiles, Cast Materials, Boards and Blankets

			AC	ACOUSTICAL CORPORATION OF	MI CO	RPORA	TION	- 1	- 1	And the second second			
Material	Thick- ness	Mounting (See	0	0	OFFI	Coefficients		Moise Coef.		Size of Unit	Wt. (1b)	Surface	Date
Mutetile (2" Rockwool)	2 1/2"	l'octnote l	52	. 17.	30	.80 .78 .76 .45	64.09	5 . 75	-	x 12"	1 1	Cast plaster of paris perforated 2556 holes per sq ft, dia, 1/16".	1932
				AGOI	NOESI	ACOUSTONE COMPANY		III.		And the state of t			Victoria de la constanta de la
Trutone Tile, cast on 1/4" gypsum wall board	1/811		.16	.17 .48	1	. 82	.65 .74	. 55	12"x	x 24"	1	Spray painted by manufacturer.	1932
				Ą	AMERICAN		GYPSUM CO						
Muffletone,	1,1	7	64.	145	±8.	.87 .83	•	88 .75	12"x	x 12"	1.83	Painted by mir.	1938
Muffletone,	3/4"	H	.13	.36	. 69	62 .70	69. 0.	09.	12"x	x 12"	1.62	Unpainted.	1938
Standard Finish Muffletone,	=	П	U.	94	5.	.80 .72	.2	8 .70	12"x	x 12"	1.84	Unpainted.	1938
Standard Finish Muffletone.	==	<i>-</i> -	7	1		80 .75	ري در	2 70	12"x	x 12#	18-1	Spray painted 3 coats	1938
Standard Finish	ı	ı										υ <u>2</u>	1
Muffletone, Transatine Finish	# T		91.	.+5	.77.	17. 69.	07. 1	. 65	12"x	x 12"	1.96	Unpainted.	1938
		,1	91.	#.	.63	69. 69.	17. 60	1 .65	12"x	x 12"	1.96	Spray painted 3 coats at N.B. of S.	1938
			ARMS	ARMSTRONG CORK	CORK	& INSULATION	ULATI	ON COMPAINT	AMY				
Ceramacoustic Tile	1 1/8"		.34	84.	63 . 62	65 . 65	50 574		1,127	* * *	3.4	Unpainted Spray painted 4 coats at N.B. of S.	1932
												3	

			A	IRMST	ARMSTRONG		& IM	SULATI	TON COM	CORK & INSULATION COMPANY (Cont'd)	1d)		
	Thi ck-	Mounting				į.			Noise	Size of	Wt.		Management of the particular to the particular t
Material	ness	(See			Coef	ficie			Coef.	Unit	(1p)	Surface	Date
		Footnote)	128	256	512	512 1024 2048	- "	9601		Tested	so ft		
Corkoustic Tile	1 1/2"	-	08		.70	19.	.52	.52	.50	12"x 12"	.83	Painted by mfr.	1936
Temlock	1/2"	71/11	ta. /		.27	.27	.36	74.	.30	1	1	Unpainted.	1931
	10/ 5		C r	-	1	1	-	7	1		7	4	7077
Temlock Deluxe	7/5		7		50	10.	70.	. I	2		01.	rainced by Hur.	1936
	-	· - ;	20.		. 35	.32	50	5	04.	48" x 54"	L. LG	: :	1951
Temlock Debuxe	13/8"	77	32	617	.37	. 39	94.	.63	04.		1.65		1937
						BASA	LI RO	BASALI ROCK COMPANY	PANY				
Basalt Rock	11.0		.32	.02	.75	.73	17.	.73	.75	18"x 24"	25.2	Unpainted	1938
						SAM	SAMUEL CABOT	ABOT.	IMC.				
Cabots Quilt	1	†	7	.30	69.	.82	TT.	.31	.55	î I	T+.	Covered with paper.	1938
									E	j.,			
		NA CHARLES AND A COMMITTEE OF THE CHARLES AND ADDRESS OF THE COMMITTEE OF		the spinore of the spinore of	1	5 E E	TH CHIOLEY		CORPORATION		-		
rbex Type A	on 2"	#	1	.39	.80	96.	.92	1	.75	9"x 9"	I	Spray painted by mfr.	1932
1" Absorbex Type	42									OII			
F (10 gauge)										1149	sheets.		
	= -	Н	1		54.	.87	.91	1	99.		2	Spray painted by mfr.	1932
Absorbex Type A	1,1	5	64.	.63	.95	.86	.78	1.	. 80	18"x 18"	2.6		1936
Absorbex Type A		N	19		000	98.	800	.83	.70	18"x 18"	2.7	Kerfed, spray painted 4	1936
		(18" o.c.)					,					coats paint at N.B. of S.	
Absorbex Type C	1,1	‡	174	57	34	.73	629	20.	· +5		1	Unpainted	1932
Absorbex Type C	T#.		.14	12.	19.	69.	.59	. 62	.55	20"x 64"	1	Unpainted	1932
		(50, 0.c.)	1		,	1							-
Absorbex Type F	l"	2 (1611 0 0)	90.	17	<u></u>	99.	.53	1	45	20"x 64"	t	Spray painted by mfr.	1934
Absorber Time I	110	7	77	14.7	O	70	7	70	75	11ty × 1100	14.7	Spray painted 4 coats	1934
	ı	-)	•)	-		•	paint at N.B. of S.)
Acousti-Celotex	13/16"	 1	15	-24	.62	.73	.70	• 71	.55	12"x 12"	1	Unpainted, perforated	1931
Type C5												441 holes per sq ft, 1/4" dia 5/8" deer.	
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Commission of the complete commission of the com	Thi ck-	Mounting							Noise	Size	of	Wt.		
Material	ness	(See			Coef	Coefficients	nts		Coef.	Unit		(1p)	Surface	Date
)	Footnote) 128 256	128	256	512	1024	2048	9604		Tested		sa ft		
Acousti-Celotex Type C5	13/16"		.13 .26	25.	.62	.62 .78 .86	98.	77.	. 65	12"x 12"	=	1	Same as sample above, brush painted 1 coat glue size, 4 coats lead	1931
Acousti-Celotex Type 05	13/16"	N	60.	99. 60.	7	96	10	. 62	.75	12"x 1	121	98.	Unpainted, perforated 441 holes per sq ft, 1/11 das E/81 deen	1933
Acousti-Colotex Type C6	1 1/t"	7,	12	14. 51.	95	200	29	79.	.70	12"x 1	124	7.7	Unpainted, perforated thin holes per sq ft,	1932
Acousti-Celotex Type Cl	1/5	 1	7	.12 .26	1,8	000	94.	200	7.	12"x 1	127	.78	K.I. finish, perforated that holes per sq ft,	1936
Acousti-Celotex Type Cl	1/2"	H	.17	.17 .24	0+1	#	.43		0+7	12"x 1	2#	83	Unpainted, perforated 1441 holes per sq ft, 3/16" dia 3/8" deep.	1936
Acousti-Celotex Type C2	11/16"	_T		.11 .31	.71	08.	19.	.57	09.	12"x 1	2	88	R.I. finish, perforated 1441 holes per sq ft, 7/16" dia 1/2" deep.	1936
Acousti-Celotex Type C2	11/16"	رر #	7	· 17 · 65	.63	.73	19.	50		12"x 1	12"	. 38	R.I. finish, perforated 141 holes per sq ft, 3/16" dia., 1/2" deep.	1936
Acousti-Celotex Type C2	5/8"	Н	60.	.09 .25	.08	.79	69.	9	09.	12"x 1	12#	80	Unpainted, perforated this holes per sq ft, 3/16" dia 1/2" deep.	1937
Acousti-Celotex Type 63	13/16"		.18	• 32	92.	.93	.63	000	6	12"x 1	12"		R.I. finish, perforated 441 holes per sq ft, 3/16" dia 5/8" deep.	1936
Acousti-Celotex Type C3	13/16"	£0	.55 .66	99.	99.	80	69.	. 52	.70	12"x 2	: \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	60.1	R.I. finish, perforated the holes per sq ft, 3/16" dia., 5/8" deep.	1936

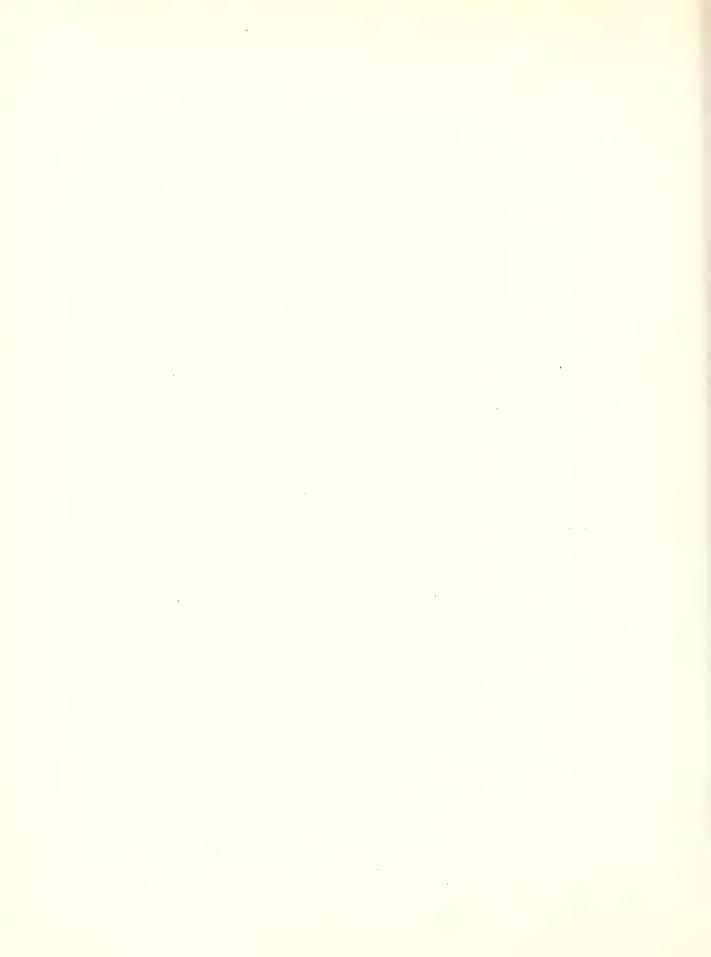
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	Thick-	Mounting							Noise	Size of	٠ جا اعدا		
Meterial	ness	(See			Coef	Coefficients	nts		Coef.	Unit	(17)	Surface	Date
		1.4	128 256	256		1024	00	9604		Tested	sq ft		7
Acousti-Celotex	13/16"		.18	.36	.67	.74	19.	99.	9.	12"x 12"	1.35	£01	1936
Type 63 Slow-burning												441 holes per sq ft $5/16$ " dis., $5/3$ " deep.	
Acousti-Celotex	13/16"	7600	.45	.45.58	19.	16.	• 71	99.	.70	12"x 24"	1.06	Unpainted, perforated	1937
Type 63 Slow-burning													
Acousti-Celotex Type C4	1 1/111		.17	·17 ·48	16.	.72	.50	1	5	12"x 12"	1.58	R.I. finish, perforated WHI holes per sq ft,	192
Acousti-Celotex Type C4	1 1/h"	03	.53	.00	96.	- 1	09.	000	.75	12"x 24"	-	3/10" ala., 1 1/10" acep. R.I. finish, perforated Uttl holes per sq ft,	1936
Acousti-Celotex	1 1/114	~	. 1	10	46.	48.		50	.70	12"x 12"	1.80		2251
Slow burning Acousti-Celotex	1/2"	Н	01.	77.	100	.68	.00	.72	ř.	12"x 12"	1.39	3/16" dia., 1 1/16" feer. Ungainted, not perforated.1936	1935
Acousti-Celotex Type Ml	9/16"	М		53	. 68	7.	\$0	₹.	69.	12"x 12"	1.23	Painted by mfr., perfora- ted 576 holes gar sq ft,	1930
Acousti-Celotex Type M3	1 1/14	_F !	12	00	60	68.	1	69	2.	12"x 12"	2.53	1/2" d. ntr., por es per	1936
Calicel Acoustic	3/1411		.07	2	. 62	96.	5	.13	09.	12"x 12"	1	9/32" ala., 1 1/0" aeep. Unpainted.	1936
Calicel Acoustic		Н	60.	. 09 . 26	+7.	16.	. 78	1/8	.70	12"x 12"	2,66	Unpainted.	1935
Calicel Acoustic	Н	5	203	.90	98	.72	50.	60	. 85	12"x 12"	2.66	Unpainted.	1935
Calicel Acoustic	1 1/14"	1 1 0 . 6 . 7		54. 41.	000	96•	. 82	. 80	.75	12"x 12"	3.42	Unpainted.	1935
Calicel Acoustic	1 1/	μ" 5 (12" c.c.)		.38 .95	92.	.78	8	-87	8	12"x 12"	3.42	Unpainted.	1935



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	Thick-	Mounting							Noise	Size of	≅t.		
Material		(Sec	100	25	Coef	Coefficients	onts 2018	1,096	Coef.	Unit	(1b)	Surface	Date
Calistone Calistone	2""	16. 94.	125	56	.77	. 32	7.0	.72	.80	12"x 12" 12"x 12"	200	Unpainted Unpainted	1935
Calistone Calistone	t, "12	(12" o.c.) 14 14	.78.59.60	37	81	30.	.63	59.	900	18"x 24"	17.8	Unpainted Unpainted	1937
			O	STAI			COUCE	SCA	CINTAIN FRODUCES CORPORATION				10 6
Kalite, cast on $1/4$ " backing of moulding plaster, Grade D(fine)			5	64. 06. 60.	5		<u></u>		<u>.</u>	24"x 36"	ī	Unpainted	1936
Kalite, cast on $1/\mu$ " backing of moulding plaster, Grade A(Coarse	1,4	7	90.	61.	24. 61. 30.	69	· 7 ¹	5.	050	24"x 36"	2	Unpainted	1936
Kalite, cast on $1/\mu^n$ backing of moulding plaster, Grade D(Fine)	1 1/2"		82	. 39 . 59	.23	Ţ.	09.	19.	56	24"x 36"	Ī	Unpainted	1936
Ealite, cast on 1/4" backing of moulding plaster, Grade A(Soarse)	1 1/2"	<i>†</i>	1	.15 .34 .64	10.	₹.	9.	50.	00.	24"x 36"	ı	Unveinted	1936
Kalite, cast on $1/\mu$ " backing of moulding plaster, Grade D(Fine)	11 2	t	. 22	. 22 . 48 . 55	10	20	·54	5	55	24"x 36"	Î	Unpainted	1936
Kalite, cast on $1/\mu$ " backing of moulding plaster, Grade A(Coarse)	2#	‡	.23 .55	10	.73	.67	79.	<u>.</u>	. 65	24"x 36"	1	Unpainted	1936
Kalite, cast on 1/4" backing of moulding plaster, Grade A(Coarse	2"	7	.26 .51	.51	.12	69.	.67	.71	.65	24"x 36"	1	Spray pointed 4 coats of Mural- tone point.	1937



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	Thick-	Mounting							Noise	Size of	at t		
Matheman Land		(See			Coeff	Coefficients	nts		Coef.	Unit	(1p)	Surface	Date
		Footnote)	123	256	512	1024	03	7504		Tested	sa It		
Corinco Acousticator	1 1/2"	H ()	07	23.00	25.	5.75	37	12,27	23	12"x 24" 12"x 24"	1.20	Unpainted by Saray painted by	1938
		0	000	, , , 2	1 10) FC	1	22	V.S	וודוס ביווכר			7 0 7
					•		7		•				
				O	CORMING		GLASS C	COMPANY	- 1			e en	!
Corning Glass Mineral	1.1	7	.27	.63	.75	.75	.78	.75	.75	1	11.	Covered with	1938
wool Acoustic Blankets		,	-						,		1	TTSTWI II	
Corning Glass Mineral			74	.72	20	-87	.75	0.7	0 %	1	.72	dar on America Marine Ma Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Ma Marine Ma Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Marine Ma Marine Ma Ma Marine Marine Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma	1933
Corning Glass Wineral	3#	=	.39	16.	.97	16.	. 82	.85	06.		1.07		1938
				E-I	国	SHELLER ELL		COMPANT	Inc				
Folt	=	+		97.	80	428.	.78	.98	.70	1	96.	No surface covering.	1938
				ρi		GUASTAVINO		COLFANY					
Akoustolich Tile	=	<u></u>	30.	1.	55	15.	.67	27	7.	î I	1	Under the Co	1930
Grade D Akoustolith Tile	2	77	E	92	.53	• 7	.52	000	5	1	t	Ungainted	1930
Grade D	#C/ L L		C	0	101	5	(). 21	C	6#+ 19#	10	Immigration	1930
	-1	r	-	-	•	•	•	•	•		•		
	2#	†	.19	.26	•53	70.	01.	500	100	6"x 12"	10.1	Unpainted	1930
Grade C	==		S	7	710	77	77	C: L(LC	HCL AHS	Tr S	Threeinted	1932
Akouston tire Grade B-2	-1	1-	5	-1	0	•	•	0	000		•	TO THE CONTROL OF THE	1
	1 1/2"	#	1	05	19.	-87	. 82	15	.65	6"x 12"	6.1	Unpainted	1932
()	2#	7	2	.50	. 85	189	.70	.70	.70	6"x 12"	8.5	Unpainted	1932
}													



R. GUASTAVINO COMPANY (Cont'd)

Material ne	TALLOK!	Mounting							POT RE	Size of	W.C.		
		(See		0	oeff	Coefficients			Coef.	Unit	(TP)	Surface	Date
		ote)	128	256 5	512 1	1024 2	2048 4	960ti		Tested	Sa ft	e de la companya de l	
	2"	}	42	. 67.		.75	30	.78	.75	6"x 12"	7.6	Unpainted	1935
Grade B-1	○	(12" o.c.)											
Akoustolith Tile 1	1/7/1	Not natted	H.	83	. 78	.72	.78	8	80	6"x 12"	5.00	Unpainted	1936
		(12" o.c.)											
			.54 .70	_	.78	70	03	50	000	12"x 12"	19.5	Unpainted	1937
Grade C Akoustolith Tile	Į, t	#	27	32	06	-77	2.	18.	. 80	12"x 12"	19.5	Unpainted	1937
Grade C Akoustolith Tile	7.	#		.92		02 02	98.	47.	06	12"x 12"	± ± 5	Unpainted	1937
	#15	ΙC	19			6.0	000	. 87	180 170	12"x 12"	4.42	Umpainted	1937
	, <u> </u>	naile	. 9			1 6	0	78	0	12"x 12"	4.42	Uncainted	1937
	1					100	12	7	8	TALL XILOT	027 027 1-1	Unosinted	1937
Grade D	= ,=		- 10			• 1~ 0 0	7		, K		0 00 00 00	Unpoint a	7561
					į		•)	1 / /
					HAMA	HAWAILAN	CANE	PRODUCTS	H	Ltd.			
Hawaiian Cane Tile	==	п с	97	140 70	20	10 to	> 15	26	51.5	112" x 113" 12" x 12"	0.75	Unpainted Unbainted	1933
	1				1		SULIT	ANVERSO ELITASMI EML					
Acoustile	1 3/4"		26 42	1	.50	.57	3	.59	.55	12"x 12"	74.1	Unpainted	1931
11th Od. 17.												many manager and a final property of the control of	



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E	Thick-	Mounting							Noise	Size of	軍で		
Waterial	ness	(Sec			Coef	Coefficients	143		Coef.	Unit	(1p)	Surface	Date
		Footnote)	128	1	512	1024	2048	4096		Tested	sq ft		
Air-Acoustic Sheets	1/211	11	,1.	.45	ł	02.	19.	.70	9.	SHX X	80	Unpainted	1938
Air-Acoustic Sheets	= T	11	.31	.55	.70	+7.	.76	.76	.70	18"x 24"	1.51	Unpainted	1938
Fibretex Type 30R	5/811		11.	28.	.59	16.	. 22	.72	63.	12"x 12"	1.34	Unpainted	1938*
ibretex Type	3/411		90.	.17	.37	.08	.03	1/2	.50	Z#X	1.75	Unpainted	1938*
ibretex Type	3/1411		.15	22.	6	.93	. 79	69.	9.	12"x 12"	1.54	Unpainted	1938*
	1/811		.13	23	.70	00	20	18.	02.	12"x 12"	1.79	Unpainted	1938*
	1 1		.07	7.	- 15	.87	.86	. 33	.65	12"x 12"	1	Unpainted.	1937*
ibretex	= -	S	7	.33	- 77	.00	.70	36.	.70	2"X 1	2.07	' Unpainted	1936*
	<u> </u>	1"x 3" fur	furring			,							1
Nashkote A	1/5"	гH	.05	. L	70	.26	8	, 100	200	M M 9	1	tro sa	nt.1929
Mashkote A	1/211		00	10	.43	62	3.	.57	. 15	36"x 48"	1	ceb	t mem- 1929
												perforated with	fine
	7 // 11	г		~	10	1	7	1	C	1011 111111		Mores ar ber farmerne.	7020
-	7/4	-1 1	D .	T.	_ [_ [01	0.0	C I	10:14 10:1	ì	3 1	C2CT - 011
Nashkote A	5/4"	-1		7		\$	+).	000	• 55		1		ine 1909
												after painting.	
Nashkote A	ΙĮ	7	N.	.20	.33	.33	288	.28	.30	8 mx	1	70	paint, 1929
Nashkote A	=	-1	.13	.26	20	.73	17.	.71	9.	36"x 48"	ĭ	Same as above except mem- 1929	m- 1929
												brane perferated with fi holes after painting.	fine
Permacoustic	11	5 Not nailed)	.27	₹.	99•	, %	.70	.70	.75	12"x 12"	2.33	Unpainted	1938
Permacoustic	# H		. 20	629	83	±7.	77.	08	.75	12"x 12"	2.33	Unpainted	1938
Rockoustile	# #	H	60	.27	.70	62.	9	12.	8	12"x 12"	T. 3	Unpainted	1938
Rockoustile	1/811	\square	.10	7	.65	.93	69	.83	09.	21 X	1	Unpainted	
Sanaccustic, Pad plus metal facing, pad		7	7.	5	50	.89	# to	.75	03	H 51	ಗಿ ಗಿ ಬ	Perferenced enumeled metal surface 4668 holes per	
rts, & furring	231										•		

^{*}These values are based on tests of Acoustex manufactured by the National Gypsum Company. Fibretex is the trade name used for this material by Johns-Manville Sales Corporation.



		JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES	CORPORA	CORPORATION (Cont'd)		
	Thick- Mounting		Noise	Size of	Wt.	
Material		Coefficients 128 256 512 1024 2048 4096	Coef.	Unit ((1b) Surface so ft	Date
Sound Isolation	1	.58 .85 .83	.75			1932
Blanket (Rockwool Studio Element	1,1	.54 .72 .74 .71	. 70			1937
Transite Acousti- cal Units	1 1/8" 14	. 19 . 39 . 77 . 77 . 95 . 91 .	69.	121	Transit 576 hol diamete	9
		DAVID E. KEHWEDY, I	Inc.			
Kencoustex		7. 57. 49. 04.	.50	1121		1938
Kenkoustic (cork)	1, 1/2# 1	99.	• 50	W.	.88 Unpainte	1938
KenKcustone			02	55"X 115"	2.54 Fainted by mir.	1958
		LUSE STEVENSON COMPANY	X.			
Lusco Hair Felt	1,1,1	.06 .27 .57 .77 .81 .88	ري.	16 x14	- Mo surface covering	1934
		MAIZEWOOD PRODUCTS CORFORMAN	EO E			
Maizewood Tile	1 1/2" 4	.03 .79 .70	5	12" x 12"	2.1 12 saw outs across	1932
Maizewood Tile	1 1/2" 4	.21.11.64.73.70.58	. 60	12"x 12"	mple as	1932.
en engelegen generalen en e					painted 1 coat give size, 2 coats lead and oil at N.B. of S.	
		NATIONAL GYFSUM COMPANY	X			
Type		20.59.91.85	200	121		1938
Acoustex 177e 40R Acoustex 177e 50R Acoustex 177e 6CR Acoustex 177e 60R	N U H N	. 15 . 22 . 61 . 95 . (9 . 69 . 69 . 13 . 28 . 70 . 98 . 85 . 87 . 07 . 24 . 55 . 87 . 86 . 88 . 88	5252	12"x 12" 12"x 12" 12"x 12"	1.79 Unpainted - Unpainted 2.07 Unpainted	1938
	(1" x 3" f	furrigg)				





					UNITED		STATES C	YPSUN	COMP	GYPSUM COMPANY (Cont'd)	d)		
	Thick-	Mounting							Noise	02			
Material	ness	(See			oeff	Coefficients	123		Coef.		(11)	Surface	Date
		Footnote)	12 12 13	256 8	256 512 1024		2013 4006	006		Tested	Satt		
Thermofil U.S. Gypsum Metal Tile, Rockwool pad. (Perfatone)	3" 1 1/2"	† † nc	1,21	22	9.6.	.87	.73	.702	28	12"x 12"	1.03 (Pad)	No surface covering. Perforated enameled metal 2401 holes per sq ft.	1932
						\(\frac{1}{2}\)	11.4		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			
							N ANI		ALLOON AND COMPANY, INC.				
Soundex	111	0	5	.51	18.	76.	48.	18.	98	16"x 16"	5.06	Unpainted	1938
		(16" o.c.)									1		
Soundex	₹	2	. H3	92	.01	33	1.+	10:	.6	18" 16"	2.00	Unpainted	1938
		(10,0°)											
Soundex	11	O.	01.	.27	19.	03	.77	.89	.05	16"x 16"	5.06	Spray painted 2 coats	1938
		(10"0.c.)										at in of v	
Soundex	1 1/811	10 (15"0.0)	.27	46.	08.	-77	***************************************	.87	50	16"x 16"	2.30	Painted by mfr.	1938
						000!	COMVE	CONVERSION	CONTRACT	Total		a delabeletarine system temperatura productiva antique antique de section de section de descripción de section	
Balaka Wool	⊒.# 1	, t	C) H	36	11.1 12.1	'ië	.67	1	157	1	63.	Scrim facing	1981
Krexstone Tile	1	9	.12		22	.7	.73	. 73	9.	12"x 12"	0.83	Screen wire	1931
(Balsam Mool)											,		
Muwood Bevel	1/2"	9	N.	.19	.30	04.	07.	10.	.30	12"x 12"	0.00°	Unpeinted	1931
Lap Tile	;	(1	!	1	1	(1	()	-	•	1
Numpod Bevel Lao Tile	=	٥	1.	5	.37	.37	T+1-	.20	35	12"X 12"		upaintea	1951



FOOUNCEES:

- Cemented to gypsum wall board. This is considered equivalent to cementing to plaster or masonry.
- Nailed on $13/16" \times 2"$ furring 12" e.c. unless otherwise indicated. o.
- 3. Metal supports attached to 13/16" x 2" wood furring.
- Laid directly on laboratory floor. As a rule the results obtained this way are the same as when the tile is cemented to sypsum wall board.
- 5. Wailed on 2 x 4's 12" o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
- 6. Comented to the floor of the reverberation chamber.
- . Back of sample covered with concrete.
- Attached to metal suspension system. 4" air space back of tile.
- Acoustic tile nailed to 13/16" x 2" furring 18" o. c. Space between furring filled with Rockwool.
- 10. Laid on 2 x 8's 12" o. c.
- Laid on 24 gauge sheet iron, nailed to $13/16" \times 2"$ furring 24" o.c. 1
- Glipped at corners to 5/8" x 1 3/8" metal furring 12" c.c. Furring was clipped to 1 1/2" channels which were $3^{1}6^{1}$ o.c.



Table 2

Acoustical Plasters

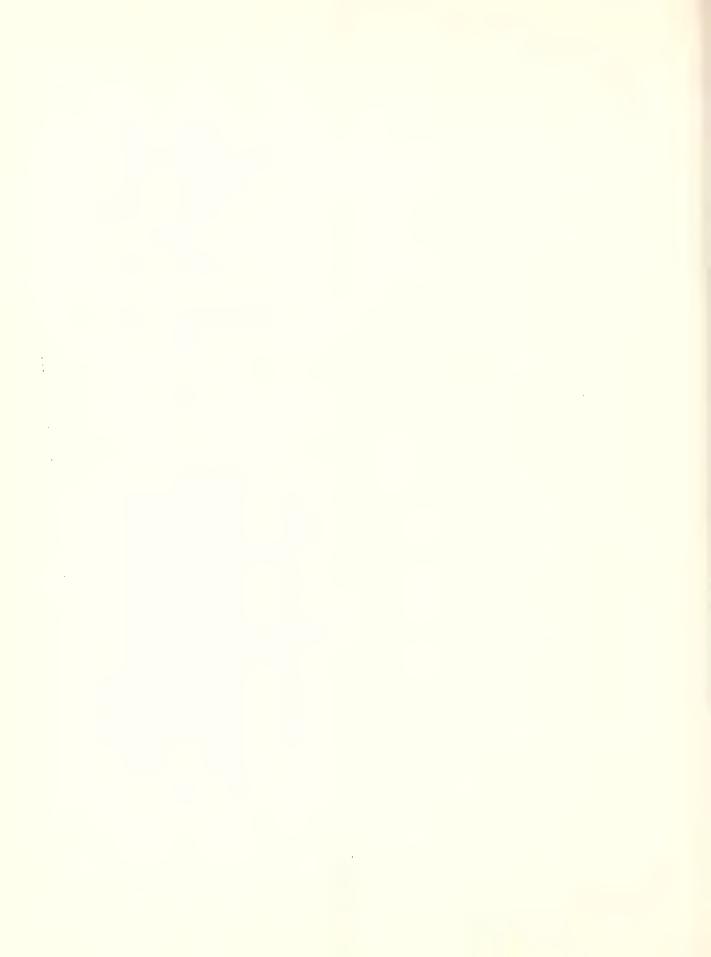
Unless otherwise stated each sample of acoustical plaster was mixed according to the specifications furnished by the manufacturers and applied by a skilled plasterer on a false cailing at the N. B. of S. The panels were laid on the floor of the Reverberation Chamber for test.

			日日	N. TELON	THE STEEL ONE OFFICE CONTRACTOR	NO. FIRE			
	Thi ck-	Common companion part and analysis of the second se		Moise	No.	Base		Surface	
Material	ness	Coefficients	cients	Coef	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	Coat	Application	Tres twent	Date
Reverbolite (Regular)	1/2"	1/2" .19 .29 .51 .70	1	25	lst ceat 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4"	3/4" gypsum plaster on metal	dry base coat, 2nd coat applied as soon as first coat	Finisher with steel trowel.	100
Reverbolite (Pumice aggregate)	1/2"	1/2" .18 .29 .41 .51	1 .55 .65 .45	54.	1st coat 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4"	3/4" gypsum plaster cn metal	lst coat applied on dry base cost. 2nd coat applied 24 hours after after after lst coat.	Drusing 1933 With rice Fort Trush then finished Figh 17791 trees.	1933 ted
			h-d	STUCCO	PRODUCTS (DIE WEN EC	IAID, Inc.		0.75
Stuccostic Plastor Type A.D.	3/+11	.18 .35 .65 .55	56. 56.	10	lst cout 7/16" 2nd coat 5/16"	Gypsum plaster.	ist cont applica to half green base coat. Ind coat applied 3 hours after ist coat.	urthantan urthantantantantantantantantantantantantanta	000
			CERTAINLFEED		PRODUCTS COPPORATION	DEPCRATION			
Kalite H Coarse Aggregate	1/2"	1/2" .35 .33 .46 .70		50.	1st coat 3/8" 2nd coat 1/8"	Gypsum plaster on metal lath,	1st coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 1 hour after 1st coat.	Finished I with steel trowel.	1935

channels. attached to 1"



	Thick-				O	RTAIM		Moise	NO.	CERTAIN-TEED PRODUCTS CORPORATION (Contid) Moise No. Base	cont'd)	1
Material	ness	128	256 5	Coefficients 512 1024 204	1cien 124 2	Coefficients 512 1024 2048 4096		Coef.	Coats	Coat	Application	Treatment Date
Kalite A Coarse Aggregate	1/2"	1/2" .2\$.31 .46 .67	.31	94.		. 63		. 50	1st coat 3/8" 2nd coat 1/8"	San	Same sample as above.	Brush 1936 painted 2 coats non- bridging
Kalite H Coarse Aggregate	3/h"	3/11" .43 .38 .63	200			.65	2.	S	lst coat 5/8" 2nd coat 1/8"	Gypsum 1 plaster d on metal lath attached to 1"	Gypsum 1st coat applied to plaster dry base coat 2nd on metal cost applied 1 hr. lath after 1st coat. attached to 1" channels.	lacquer. Finished 1935 with steel trowel.
					O	LEVEL	AND	YESU	CLEVELAND GYESUM SUBELY COMPANY	O'TPANY		
Hushlote Acoustic Plaster	1/211	1/2" .13 .24 .45	72	15	.71	500	7	050	lst cout 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4"	3/4" Gypsum plaster cn metal	lst ccat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hrs. after 1st coat.	Finished 1935 with steel trowel.
Hushkote Acoustic Plaster	5/≈"	5/8" .16 .34 .50	75.		10	.43 .37	.37	7.	1st coat 3/8" 2nd coat 1/4"	18t. 3/4" Gypsum plaster cn metal	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hrs. after 1st coat.	Finished 1937 with steel trowel.
Hushkote Acoustic Plaster	3/4"	3/4" .28 .36 .45	32	4	Ĉ.	55.	.57	· 54	1st coat 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4" 3rd coat 1/4"	13th 3/4" Gypsum plaster en metal lath.	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 5 days after first coat. 3rd coat applied 3 days after 2nd coat.	Finished 1938 with steel trowel.



							더	GUAS	TAVI	R. GUASTAVINO COMPANY	PANY			
Market Market and the control of the	Thick-							Moise		No.	Base		Surface	
Material	ness	ness Coeficients Coef. of	1 C	offi	Cien	ts	9001	Goef.		01 01 01 01	Coat	Application	Treatment	Date
Akoustolith Plaster	1//1	.13	21	61	.23	.33	.45	3	Н	coat	Gypsum plaster.	Applied on binder coat. See mfg.	Floated	1931
Akoustolith Plaster	3/1411	3/4" .20 .25 .35 .56	192	. 22		0	5	.59 .50 .45 1 coat	-1	coat	Gypsum plaster.	directions. Applied on binder coat. See mfg.	Floated	1932
												directions.		

	1938		1936		1937		1937																													
	Finished with cork fleat.		Finished with steel	trovel.	Finished with steel trewel.		Finished with steel trovel.																													
OMPANY	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hours after 1st coat.		1st cost applied to half green base	coat. 2nd coat applied 2 hours after 1st cost.	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied of hrs. after 1st	coat.	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd ccat applied 24 hrs, after 1st coat.																													
GYPSUM INSULATION AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY	3/4" Gypsum plester on metal	C: 22 4 27	3/h" Gypsum	plaster on metal lath.	3/4" Gresum plaster on metal	leth.	3/4" Gypsum plaster cn metal lath.																													
AUD MANUE	.62 .63 .50 lst coat 3/4" 1/4" Gypsum 2nd coat plaster 1/4" on metal	TATIONAL GYPSON SCHOLLY	.36 .29 .40 1st coat 3/4" Gypsu	2nd coat 1/4"	1st coat 1,/4" 2nd coat 7/4"		1st coat 3/8" 2nd coat 3/8"																													
NOIE	52	TOLY	04.		15		10																													
ISUIT	.03	4	.53		10																															
I MAS	00		36		.66 .55 .55		.55 . 7455																													
GIL	17.																																			
	12						The second secon																					The second secon					42		52	
	72														.27		.27		17.																	
	2					.15		17		10																										
	1/2" .12 .24 .45 .71		2/1. 54. 75. 21. "2/I		1/2" .17 .27 .52 .75		3/4" .25 .41 .67 .63																													
	Super- Acoustic Plaster		Macoustic Plaster (Trowel Finish)		Macoustic Plaster (Trewel Finish)		Macoustic Plaster (Trovel Finish)																													



ace nent Date	hed 1938 cork t.	ned 1935 steel	ned 1937 steel	ned 1938 steel 1.	ned 1956 cork
Surface	Finished with cork float.	Finished with steel trowel.	Finished with steel trowel.	Finished with steel trowel.	Finished with cork float.
Application	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hrs after 1st coat.	lst coat applied to dry base coat. End coat applied 3 hours after lst coat.	1st coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hours after	lst coat applied to dry base coat. 2nd coat applied 24 hours after lst coat. 3rd coat applied 24 hours after 2nd coat.	lst ccat applied to dry base ccat. 2nd coat applied 72 hours after 1st coat.
NATIONAL GIFSOM COMFANI (CODE of Moise No. Base Coef. of Coat	3/4" Gypsum plaster on metal lath, attached to 1"		6ypsun plaster on metal	3/4" Gypsum plaster on metal lath.	3/4" 3/4" Gypsum plaster on metal lath.
Goats	lst cost 1/4" 2nd cost 1/4"	1st cos 1/4" 2nd cos 1/4"	Ist coat 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4"	1st coat 1/4" 2nd coat 1/4" 3rd coat	PACIFIC PORTIAND CEMENT CO. 56 .50 lst coat 3/4" 1/4" Gypsu 2nd coat plast 1/4" on me 1/4" lath.
Moise Coef.	9	000	9 50	9	CIFIC
1,096		70.	69	.72	•
ents 2048	1	0	19.	.73	399
Coefficients	44. 24. 62. 36. 15.	99.	2.	7.	79.
Goef 512	.36 .39	27	7	. 63	111
256	.36	. 50	13.21	.16 .34 .63	15.28.14
	17.	213		1.	
Thick-	1/2"	1/2#	1/2"	3/h#	1/2"
Material	Rockwall Acoustic Plaster	Rockwall Accustic Plaster	Old Newark Acoustic Plaster	Old Newark Acoustic Plaster	Calacoustic Plaster



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COMPANY	
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GYPSUM	
STATES	
UNITED	

	Thick-					4		oise	Noise No Base	Base		Surface	
Material	ness		Ö	effi	Coefficients	ro.	O	Coef. of	of	Coat	Application	Treatment	Date
		128 256 512 1024 2048 4096	56 5	12 10	27 20	75 270	960		Coats				
Sabinite Plaster	1/2"	35. 72. 42. 41.	さ	57	53	118	46 . 46 . 34		1st coat	Gypsum	1st coat applied	Floated	1951
Hydranlic	-								1//11	plaster.	to dry base coat.	with cork	
٥									2nd coat		2nd coat applied	fleat.	
									1//4"		after 1st coat had		
											set and partly dried.		
Sabinite	1/211	.16 .24 .33	7.		.78	75	66. 77. 67.		1st coat	Gresch.	1st coat applied		1935
Plaster A	49		•						1/411	plaster.	to dry base cost.	with cori	
									2nd cost		2nd coat applied 24	flott.	
									1/hu		hrs. after 1st coat.		
Sabinite	3/1/11	.13 .27 .59	1. 75	. 65	.81	7/	09. 68. 47.		1st coat	3/4"	1st coat applied	Flouted	1935
Plaster A			,						1/14		on dry base coat.	With Corre	
									2nd coat		2nd coat applied	上しこも	
									1/711		48 hrs. after 1st		
									3rd coat	Isth.	coat. 3rd coat		
									1/4"		applied 72 hrs.		
											after 2nd coat.		
Satinito	1/2"	03. 64. 52. 61. "5/1	7.			75	.75 .75		1st cost	3/4"		国についたのは	1930
Plaster F				1					1/4"	Gypsum	on dry base cost.	स्या त्या ।	
									2nd coat	plaster	2nd coat applied	44 C. C.	
									1/1:41	cn metal	48 hrs. after 1st		
										lath.	coat.		
		Section of the last section in the last sectio	-					-	the state of the s				

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Table 3

Audience seated in chairs of various types

A - cane seat chairs, open back
B - theatre chairs, box spring seat, heavily padded back
C - same as B, but single layer of padding on back
D - church pews, seating five

Absorption per person *

Date	
2048	0 4 4 4 4 4 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 6 4 6 6 6 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 4 6
1024	
512	0444 WW4 0W0 W0 4 8 00 4 WWW
256	1000 mmn00
128	0110
	44444000
	Women without coats, Women vith coats, Wen without overcoats, Men with overcoats, Mixed audience, Empty seat, Mixed audience, Empty seat

material having an absorption coefficient of 1.00, which would absorb the same amount of sound energy. * These figures are numerically equal to the number of square feet of a



Suggestions Concerning the Proper Use of Acoustical Material.

As there has been considerable misconception as to the proper use of acoustical material it is considered desirable to call attention to two of the fundamental principles underlying the formulas which are used in acoustical design. It is assumed in all of the formulas that (1) the absorption is proportional to the area of the absorbing material and that (2) there is a uniform distribution of sound energy. As a rule neither one of these assumptions is true.

It has been found from experiment when very small areas are used, such as the panels in a coffered ceiling having areas from 1 to 4 square feet and separated from each other by a foot or more, that the effective absorption of the material in these panels is greater than when the material is installed in one large area. In fact, for materials having large coefficients, this effective absorption may be as much as 50 percent more than one would expect from the coefficient.

It has also been found when all of the acoustical material is applied on one surface of a relatively small room, say 50,000 cubic feet or under, that this creates a non-uniform distribution of sound energy in the following manner. Let us assume that the ceiling of a room is covered with a highly absorbent material. Under these conditions the sound energy which is traveling between the floor and ceiling is absorbed quite rapidly, while that traveling between the untreated wall surfaces, having very little to absorb it, may continue for some considerable time. This persistence of sound energy between the untreated surfaces may cause the measured reverberation time to be considerably longer than would be computed using the ordinary reverberation formula and the coefficient usually given. For this reason, it is essential in small rooms that the acoustical material be distributed on the side walls as well as on the ceiling, if the effective absorption of the material is to be anywhere near that which one would expect from the coefficient of the material. For further discussion of this problem see Circular C418.

We also wish to call attention to the fact that a proper distribution of the acoustical material should be worked out in the initial plans of a building, as it is frequently impossible to obtain a satisfactory distribution after the interior design has been completed without taking into account the acoustical treatment.

